Ambient Light Sensor IC Series

Digital 16bit Serial Output Type

Ambient Light Sensor IC

BH1721FVC

● Descriptions
BH1721FVC is an digital Ambient Light Sensor IC for I²C bus interface. This IC is the most suitable to obtain the ambient light data for adjusting LCD and Keypad backlight power of Mobile phone. It is possible to detect wide range at High resolution. (1 - 65528 lx).

● Features
1) I²C bus Interface (f / s Mode Support, Slave Address : "0100011")
2) Spectral responsibility is approximately human eye response
3) Illuminance to Digital Converter
4) Wide range and High resolution. (1 – 65528 lx)
5) Low Current by power down function
6) 50Hz / 60Hz Light noise reject-function
7) 1.8V Logic input interface
8) No need any external parts
9) Light source dependency is little. (ex. Incandescent Lamp, Fluorescent Lamp, Halogen Lamp, White LED, Sun Light)
10) Small measurement variation (+/- 15%)
11) Compact surface mount package 1.6 x 1.6 x 0.55 mm

● Applications
Mobile phone, LCD TV, NOTE PC, Portable game machine, Digital camera, Digital video camera, PDA, LCD display

● Absolute Maximum Ratings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Ratings</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Supply Voltage</td>
<td>Vmax</td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Temperature</td>
<td>Topr</td>
<td>-40~85</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage Temperature</td>
<td>Tstg</td>
<td>-40~100</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDA Sink Current</td>
<td>Imax</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power Dissipation</td>
<td>Pd</td>
<td>165※</td>
<td>mW</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

※70mm × 70mm × 1.6mm glass epoxy board. Derating in done at 2.2mW/°C for operating above Ta=25°C.

● Operating Conditions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Min.</th>
<th>Typ.</th>
<th>Max.</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VCC Voltage</td>
<td>Vcc</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I²C Reference Voltage</td>
<td>VdVI</td>
<td>1.65</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Vcc</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Electrical Characteristics (VCC = 3.0V, DVI = 3.0V, Ta = 25°C, unless otherwise noted)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Limits</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Supply Current</td>
<td>Icc1</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Powerdown Current</td>
<td>Icc2</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>0.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Wave Length</td>
<td>λp</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>560</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measurement Accuracy</td>
<td>S/A</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>1.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dark (0 lx) Sensor out</td>
<td>S0</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H-Resolution Mode Resolution</td>
<td>rHR</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L-Resolution Mode Resolution</td>
<td>rLR</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H-Resolution Mode Measurement Time</td>
<td>tHR</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L-Resolution Mode Measurement Time</td>
<td>tLR</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incandescent / Fluorescent Sensor out ratio</td>
<td>rIF</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DVI Input ‘L’ Voltage</td>
<td>VDVL</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>0.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCL, SDA Input ‘H’ Voltage 1</td>
<td>VIH1</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>0.7 * DVI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCL, SDA Input ‘H’ Voltage 2</td>
<td>VIH2</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>1.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCL, SDA Input ‘L’ Voltage 1</td>
<td>VIL1</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>0.3 * DVI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCL, SDA Input ‘L’ Voltage 2</td>
<td>VIL2</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>DVI – 1.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCL, SDA Input ‘H’ Current</td>
<td>HIH</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCL, SDA Input ‘L’ Current</td>
<td>HIIL</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I²C SCL Clock Frequency</td>
<td>fSCL</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I²C Bus Free Time</td>
<td>tBUF</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>1.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I²C Hold Time (repeated) START Condition</td>
<td>tHDSTA</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I²C Set up time for a Repeated START Condition</td>
<td>tSUSTA</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I²C Set up time for a Repeated STOP Condition</td>
<td>tSUSTO</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I²C Data Hold Time</td>
<td>tHDAT</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I²C Data Valid Time</td>
<td>tVDDAT</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>0.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I²C Data Valid Acknowledge Time</td>
<td>tVDACK</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>0.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I²C Data Setup Time</td>
<td>tSUDAT</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I²C ‘L’ Period of the SCL Clock</td>
<td>tLOW</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>1.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I²C ‘H’ Period of the SCL Clock</td>
<td>tHIGH</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I²C SDA Output ‘L’ Voltage</td>
<td>VOL</td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>0.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

※1 White LED is used as optical source.
※2 Measurement Accuracy typical value is possible to change “1” by “Measurement result adjustment function”.
※3 Use H-Resolution Mode if dark data (less than 20 lx) is needed.
● Block Diagram

![Block Diagram]

● Block Diagram Descriptions

- **PD**
  Photo diode with approximately human eye response.

- **AMP**
  Integration-OPAMP for converting from PD current to Voltage.

- **ADC**
  AD converter for obtaining Digital 16bit data.

- **Logic + I2C Interface**
  Ambient Light Calculation and I2C BUS Interface. It includes the following register.
  - **Data Register** → This is for registration of Ambient Light Data. Initial Value is "0000_0000_0000_0000".
  - **Measurement Time Register** → This is for registration of measurement time. Initial Value is "01_0010_1100".

- **OSC**
  Internal Oscillator. It is CLK for internal logic.

● Measurement Procedure

![Flowchart]

Initial state is Power Down mode after VCC and DVI supply.

- **Power down**
- **Power On**

State Transition by I2C write-command.

Automatically State Transition

* "Power On" Command is possible to omit.
### Instruction Set Architecture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instruction</th>
<th>OPCODE</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Power Down</td>
<td>0000_0000</td>
<td>No active state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power On</td>
<td>0000_0001</td>
<td>Waiting for measurement command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuously Auto-Resolution Mode</td>
<td>0001_0000</td>
<td>Switch measurement mode automatically by illuminance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuously H-Resolution Mode</td>
<td>0001_0010</td>
<td>Start measurement at 1lx resolution. Measurement Time is typically 120ms.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuously L-Resolution Mode</td>
<td>0001_0011</td>
<td>Start measurement at 8lx resolution. Measurement Time is typically 16ms.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0010_0000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0010_0010</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change Measurement time</td>
<td>010_MT[9,8,7,6,5]</td>
<td>Change measurement time. Please refer &quot;adjust measurement result for influence of optical window.&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(High bit)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>011_MT[4]_XXXX</td>
<td>Change measurement time. Please refer &quot;adjust measurement result for influence of optical window.&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Low bit)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

※ Don’t input the other opecode.

### Measurement Mode Explanation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measurement Mode</th>
<th>Measurement Time</th>
<th>Measurement Range</th>
<th>Resolution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H-Resolution Mode</td>
<td>Typ. 120ms</td>
<td>0 - 8191 lx</td>
<td>1 lx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L-Resolution Mode</td>
<td>Typ. 16ms</td>
<td>0 - 65528 lx</td>
<td>8 lx</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

We recommend to use H-Resolution Mode.

Measurement time (integration time) of H-Resolution Mode is so long that some kind of noise (including in 50Hz / 60Hz noise) is rejected. And H-Resolution Mode is 1 lx resolution so that it is suitable for darkness (less than 20 lx)

Auto-Resolution mode selects measurement mode automatically. It is determined after 16ms (typ.) passes from measurement start. If BH1721FVC judges that current illuminance is more than 4000 lx, then Data is output at L-resolution mode, else Data is output after 120ms(typ.) from measurement start at H-resolution mode. Please refer below flow chart.
Timing chart for VCC and DVI power supply sequence

DVI is I²C bus reference voltage terminal. And it is also asynchronous reset terminal. It is necessary to set to 'L' after VCC is supplied. In DVI 'L' term, internal state is set to Power Down mode.

1) Recommended Timing chart1 for VCC and DVI supply.

2) Timing chart2 for VCC and DVI supply.
   (If DVI rises within 1µs after VCC supply)
Measurement sequence example from "Write instruction" to "Read measurement result"

ex1) Continuously Auto-resolution mode

① Send "Continuously Auto-resolution mode " instruction

| ST | 0100011 | 0 | Ack | 00010000 | Ack | SP |

② Wait to complete 1st Auto-resolution mode measurement.( max. 180ms )

③ Read measurement result.

| ST | 0100011 | 1 | Ack | High Byte [ 15:8 ] | Ack |
|    |         |   |   | Low Byte [ 7:0 ]  |   |

How to calculate when the data High Byte is "10000011" and Low Byte is "10010000"

\[
(2^{10} + 2^9 + 2^8 + 2^7 + 2^4)/1.2 \approx 28067 \ [lx]
\]

The result of continuously measurement mode is updated.

ex2) Continuously L-resolution mode

① Send " Continuously L-resolution mode " instruction

| ST | 0100011 | 0 | Ack | 00010011 | Ack | SP |

② Wait to complete L-resolution mode measurement.( max. 24ms )

③ Read measurement result

| ST | 0100011 | 1 | Ack | High Byte [ 15:8 ] | Ack |
|    |         |   |   | Low Byte [ 7:0 ]  |   |

How to calculate when the data High Byte is "00000001" and Low Byte is "00010000"

\[
(2^8 + 2^4)/1.2 \approx 227 \ [lx]
\]
Application circuit example of DVI terminal
The DVI terminal is an asynchronous reset terminal. Please note that there is a possibility that IC doesn’t operate normally if the reset section is not installed after the start-up of VCC.
(Please refer to the paragraph of “Timing chart for VCC and DVI power supply sequence”)
The description concerning SDA and the terminal SCL is omitted in this application circuit example. Please design the application the standard of the I²C bus as it finishes being satisfactory.
ex 1) The control signal line such as CPU is connected.

ex 2) Reset IC is used.
1. For Reset IC of the Push-Pull type

2. For Reset IC of the Open drain output

ex 3) A different power supply is used.

※ Power supply of DVI must stand up later than power supply of VCC stand up, because it is necessary to secure reset section (1µs or more).
ex 4) LPF using CR is inserted between VCC and DVI.
This method has the possibility that the Reset section of turning on the power supply can not satisfied. Cannot be satisfied. Please design the set considering the characteristic of the power supply enough.

◆ Notes when CR is inserted between VCC and DVI
※Please note that there is a possibility that reset section (1µs) can not be satisfied because the power supply is turned on when the rise time of VCC is slow.
※When VCC is turned off, the DVI voltage becomes higher than VCC voltage but IC destruction is not occured if recommended constant (R1 = 1kΩ, C1 = 1µF) is used.
※Please note that there is a possibility that Reset section (1µsec) cannot be satisfied if wait time is not enough long after turning off VCC.
(It is necessary to consider DVI voltage level after turning off VCC.)

◆ Example of designing set when CR (C = 1µF, R = 1kΩ) is inserted between VCC and DVI with VCC=2.8V
①The rise time to 0→2.4V of VCC must use the power supply of 100µs or less.
②Please wait 25ms or more after VCC turn off (VCC <= 0.05V), because it is necessary to secure reset section (1µs or more).

* Please do the application design to secure Reset section 1µs or more after the reclosing of the power supply.
I²C Bus Access

1) I²C Bus Interface Timing chart
Write measurement command and Read measurement result are done by I²C Bus interface. Please refer the formally specification of I²C Bus interface, and follow the formally timing chart.

2) Write Format
BH1721FVC is not able to accept plural command without stop condition. Please insert SP every 1 Opecode.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ST</th>
<th>Slave Address &quot;0100011&quot;</th>
<th>R/W</th>
<th>Ack</th>
<th>Opecode</th>
<th>Ack</th>
<th>SP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

3) Read Format

| ST | Slave Address "0100011" | R/W | Ack | High Byte [15:8] | 2^7 | 2^6 | 2^5 | 2^4 | 2^3 | 2^2 | 2^1 | 2^0 | Ack | SP |
|----|------------------------|-----|-----|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|

ex )
High Byte = "1000_0011"
Low Byte = "1001_0000"
\[
(2^{15} + 2^6 + 2^4 + 2^2 + 2^1) / 1.2 \approx 28067 \text{ [lx]}
\]

* Please refer formality I²C bus specification of NXP semiconductors.
Adjust measurement result for influence of optical window. (sensor sensitivity adjusting)

BH1721FVC is possible to change sensor sensitivity. And it is possible to cancel the optical window influence (difference with / without optical window) by using this function. Adjust is done by changing measurement time. For example, when transmission rate of optical window is 50% (measurement result becomes 0.5 times if optical window is set), influence of optical window is ignored by changing sensor sensitivity from default to 2 times.

Sensor sensitivity is shift by changing the value of MTreg (measurement time register). MTreg value has to set 2 times if target of sensor sensitivity is 2 times. Measurement time is also set 2 times when MTreg value is changed from default to 2 times. Low 4bit value is fixed"1100". Please change high 6bit value of this register via to I2C Bus interface.

ex) Procedure for changing target sensor sensitivity to 2 times.

Please change Mtreg from"01_0010_1100" (default) to"10_0101_1100" (default * 2).

1) Changing High bit of Mreg

2) Changing Low bit of Mreg

3) Input Measurement Command.

4) After about 240ms, measurement result is registered to Data Register. (High Resolution mode is typically 120ms, but measurement time is set twice. )

The below table is seeing the changeable range of MTreg.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>changeable range of MTreg</th>
<th>Min.</th>
<th>Typ.</th>
<th>Max.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>binary</td>
<td>00_1000_1100 ( sensitivity : default * 0.47 )</td>
<td>01_0010_1100 default</td>
<td>11_1111_1100 ( sensitivity : default * 3.40 )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>decimal</td>
<td>140 ( sensitivity : default * 0.47 )</td>
<td>300 default</td>
<td>1020 ( sensitivity : default * 3.40 )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

It is possible to detect 0.25lx by using this function at H-resolution mode.

The below formula is to calculate illuminance per 1 count.

Illuminance per 1 count (lx / count) = 1 / 1.2 * (300 / X)

1.2 : Measurement accuracy
300 : Default value of MTreg ( dec )
X : MTreg value

The below table is seeing the detail of resolution.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MTreg value</th>
<th>lx / count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>00_1000_1100</td>
<td>1.79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01_0010_1100</td>
<td>0.83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11_1111_1100</td>
<td>0.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please input the opecode at PowerDown state to change Mtreg. There is a possibility of malfunctioning when the opecode to change Mtrreg is input while the illuminance measurement is going.
### Terminal Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PIN No.</th>
<th>Terminal Name</th>
<th>Equivalent Circuit</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>VCC</td>
<td></td>
<td>Power Supply Terminal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td></td>
<td>GND Terminal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>SDA</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Equivalent Circuit Diagram" /></td>
<td>(\text{\textsuperscript{\textregistered}})C bus Interface SDA Terminal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>DVI</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Equivalent Circuit Diagram" /></td>
<td>SDA, SCL Reference Voltage Terminal And DVI Terminal is also asynchronous Reset for internal registers. So that please set to ‘L’ (at least 1µs, DVI &lt;= 0.4V) after VCC is supplied. BH1721FVC is pulled down by 150k (\Omega) while DVI = ‘L’.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>SCL</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Equivalent Circuit Diagram" /></td>
<td>(\text{\textsuperscript{\textregistered}})C bus Interface SCL Terminal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

※These values are design-value, not guaranteed.
● Package Outlines

![Package Outline Diagram]

● Optical design for the device

![Optical Design Diagram]

PD area (0.25 mm x 0.3 mm)

Please design an optical window to have the focused light within this area.
Notes for use

1) Absolute Maximum Ratings
An excess in the absolute maximum ratings, such as supply voltage \( V_{\text{max}} \), temperature range of operating conditions \( \text{Topr} \), etc., can break down devices, thus making impossible to identify breaking mode such as a short circuit or an open circuit. If any special mode exceeding the absolute maximum ratings is assumed, consideration should be given to take physical safety measures including the use of fuses, etc.

2) GND voltage
Make setting of the potential of the GND terminal so that it will be maintained at the minimum in any operating state. Furthermore, check to be sure no terminals are at a potential lower than the GND voltage including an actual electric transient.

3) Short circuit between terminals and erroneous mounting
In order to mount ICs on a set PCB, pay thorough attention to the direction and offset of the ICs. Erroneous mounting can break down the ICs. Furthermore, if a short circuit occurs due to foreign matters entering between terminals or between the terminal and the power supply or the GND terminal, the ICs can break down.

4) Operation in strong electromagnetic field
Be noted that using ICs in the strong electromagnetic field can malfunction them.

5) Inspection with set PCB
On the inspection with the set PCB, if a capacitor is connected to a low-impedance IC terminal, the IC can suffer stress. Therefore, be sure to discharge from the set PCB by each process. Furthermore, in order to mount or dismount the set PCB to/from the jig for the inspection process, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then mount the set PCB to the jig. After the completion of the inspection, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then dismount it from the jig. In addition, for protection against static electricity, establish a ground for the assembly process and pay thorough attention to the transportation and the storage of the set PCB.

6) Input terminals
In terms of the construction of IC, parasitic elements are inevitably formed in relation to potential. The operation of the parasitic element can cause interference with circuit operation, thus resulting in a malfunction and then breakdown of the input terminal. Therefore, pay thorough attention not to handle the input terminals; such as to apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the GND respectively, so that any parasitic element will operate. Furthermore, do not apply a voltage to the input terminals when no power supply voltage is applied to the IC. In addition, even if the power supply voltage is applied, apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the power supply voltage or within the guaranteed value of electrical characteristics.

7) Thermal design
Perform thermal design in which there are adequate margins by taking into account the power dissipation \( P_d \) in actual states of use.

8) Treatment of package
Dusts or scratch on the photo detector may affect the optical characteristics. Please handle it with care.

9) Rush current
When power is first supplied to the CMOS IC, it is possible that the internal logic may be unstable and rush current may flow instantaneously. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of GND wiring, and routing of connections.

10) The exposed central pad on the back side of the package
There is an exposed central pad on the back side of the package. Please mount by Footprint dimensions described in the Jisso Information for WSOF5. This pad is GND level, therefore there is a possibility that LSI malfunctions and heavy-current is generated.
Ordering part number

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part No.</th>
<th>Package</th>
<th>Packaging and forming specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BH1721FVC</td>
<td>FVC: WSOF5</td>
<td>TR: Embossed tape and reel</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WSOF5

<Tape and Reel information>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tape</th>
<th>Embossed carrier tape</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>3000pcs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Direction of feed

TR: The direction is the 1pin of product is at the upper right when you hold reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand.

Order quantity needs to be multiple of the minimum quantity.
Notice

Precaution on using ROHM Products

1. Our Products are designed and manufactured for application in ordinary electronic equipments (such as AV equipment, OA equipment, communication equipment, home electronic appliances, amusement equipment, etc.). If you intend to use our Products in devices requiring extremely high reliability (such as medical equipment (Note 1), transport equipment, traffic equipment, aircraft/spacecraft, nuclear power controllers, fuel controllers, car equipment including car accessories, safety devices, etc.) and whose malfunction or failure may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or serious damage to property (“Specific Applications”), please consult with the ROHM sales representative in advance. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by ROHM in advance, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any ROHM’s Products for Specific Applications.

(Note1) Medical Equipment Classification of the Specific Applications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JAPAN</th>
<th>USA</th>
<th>EU</th>
<th>CHINA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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2. ROHM designs and manufactures its Products subject to strict quality control system. However, semiconductor products can fail or malfunction at a certain rate. Please be sure to implement, at your own responsibilities, adequate safety measures including but not limited to fail-safe design against the physical injury, damage to any property, which a failure or malfunction of our Products may cause. The following are examples of safety measures:
   [a] Installation of protection circuits or other protective devices to improve system safety
   [b] Installation of redundant circuits to reduce the impact of single or multiple circuit failure

3. Our Products are designed and manufactured for use under standard conditions and not under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions, as exemplified below. Accordingly, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses arising from the use of any ROHM’s Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions. If you intend to use our Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions (as exemplified below), your independent verification and confirmation of product performance, reliability, etc, prior to use, must be necessary:
   [a] Use of our Products in any types of liquid, including water, oils, chemicals, and organic solvents
   [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
   [c] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, and NO2
   [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
   [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
   [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
   [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
   [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation

4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.

5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.

6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse) is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.

7. De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.

8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.

9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design

1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.

2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used; if flow soldering method is preferred, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification
Precautions Regarding Application Examples and External Circuits
1. If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.

2. You agree that application notes, reference designs, and associated data and information contained in this document are presented only as guidance for Products use. Therefore, in case you use such information, you are solely responsible for it and you must exercise your own independent verification and judgment in the use of such information contained in this document. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of such information.

Precaution for Electrostatic
This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of Ionizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

Precaution for Storage / Transportation
1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
   [a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, and NO2
   [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
   [c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
   [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic

2. Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.

4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

Precaution for Product Label
QR code printed on ROHM Products label is for ROHM's internal use only.

Precaution for Disposition
When disposing Products please dispose them properly using an authorized industry waste company.

Precaution for Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade act
Since our Products might fall under controlled goods prescribed by the applicable foreign exchange and foreign trade act, please consult with ROHM representative in case of export.

Precaution Regarding Intellectual Property Rights
1. All information and data including but not limited to application example contained in this document is for reference only. ROHM does not warrant that foregoing information or data will not infringe any intellectual property rights or any other rights of any third party regarding such information or data. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for infringement of any intellectual property rights or other damages arising from use of such information or data.

2. No license, expressly or implied, is granted hereby under any intellectual property rights or other rights of ROHM or any third parties with respect to the information contained in this document.

Other Precaution
1. This document may not be reprinted or reproduced, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of ROHM.

2. The Products may not be disassembled, converted, modified, reproduced or otherwise changed without prior written consent of ROHM.

3. In no event shall you use in any way whatsoever the Products and the related technical information contained in the Products or this document for any military purposes, including but not limited to, the development of mass-destruction weapons.

4. The proper names of companies or products described in this document are trademarks or registered trademarks of ROHM, its affiliated companies or third parties.
General Precaution

1. Before you use our Products, you are requested to carefully read this document and fully understand its contents. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure, malfunction or accident arising from the use of any ROHM’s Products against warning, caution or note contained in this document.

2. All information contained in this document is current as of the issuing date and subject to change without any prior notice. Before purchasing or using ROHM’s Products, please confirm the latest information with a ROHM sales representative.

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