

Switching Regulator Series

Step-Down DC/DC Converter

BD9E301EFJ Evaluation Board

BD9E301EFJ-EVK-001

Description

BD9E301EFJ-EVK-001 Evaluation board delivers an output 5.0 volts from an input 7.2 to 36 volts using BD9E301EFJ, a synchronous rectification step-down DC/DC converter integrated circuit, with output current rating of maximum 2.5A. The output voltage can be set by changing the external parts of circuit and the loop-response characteristics also can be adjusted by the phase compensation circuit.

Performance specification (These are representative values, and it is not a guaranteed against the characteristics.)

 $V_{IN} = 24V$, $V_{OUT} = 5.0V$, Unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Input Voltage Range	7.0 ^(NOTE1)		36	V	
Output Voltage		5.0		V	R1=12k Ω , R2=3k Ω
Output Voltage Setting Range	$V_{IN} \times 0.0855$ ^(NOTE2)		$V_{IN} \times 0.7$	V	
Output Current Range	0		2.5	A	
Loop Band Width		28.2		kHz	
Phase Margin		68.0		degrees	
Input Ripple Voltage		150		mVpp	$I_O = 2.5A$
Output Ripple Voltage		50		mVpp	$I_O = 2.5A$
Output Rising Time		3		ms	
Operating Frequency		570		kHz	
Maximum Efficiency		87.7		%	$I_O = 1.2A$

(NOTE1) When the output voltage is 5.0V, it is 7.2V by limiting ratio of the maximum duty.

(NOTE2) However, $(V_{IN} \times 0.0855) \geq 1.0V$

Operation Procedures

1. Necessary equipments

- (1) DC power-supply of 7.2V to 36V/2.5A
- (2) Maximum 2.5A load
- (3) DC voltmeter

2. Connecting the equipments

- (1) DC power-supply presets to 24V and then the power output turns off.
- (2) The max. load should be set at 2.5A and over it will be disabled.
- (3) Check Jumper pin of SW1 is short, between intermediate-terminal and OFF-side terminal.
- (4) Connect positive-terminal of power-supply to VIN+terminal and negative-terminal to GND-terminal with a pair of wires.
- (5) Connect load's positive-terminal to VOUT+terminal and negative-terminal to GND-terminal with a pair of wires.
- (6) Connect positive-terminal of DC voltmeter 1 to TP1 and negative-terminal to TP2 for input-voltage measurement.
- (7) Connect positive-terminal of DC voltmeter 2 to TP3 and negative-terminal to TP4 for output-voltage measurement.
- (8) DC power-supply output is turned ON.
- (9) IC is enable (EN) by shorting Jumper-pin of SW1 between intermediate-terminal and ON-side terminal.
- (10) Check DC voltmeter 2 displays 5.0V.
- (11) The load is enabled.
- (12) Check at DC voltmeter 1 whether the voltage-drop (loss) is not caused by the wire's resistance.

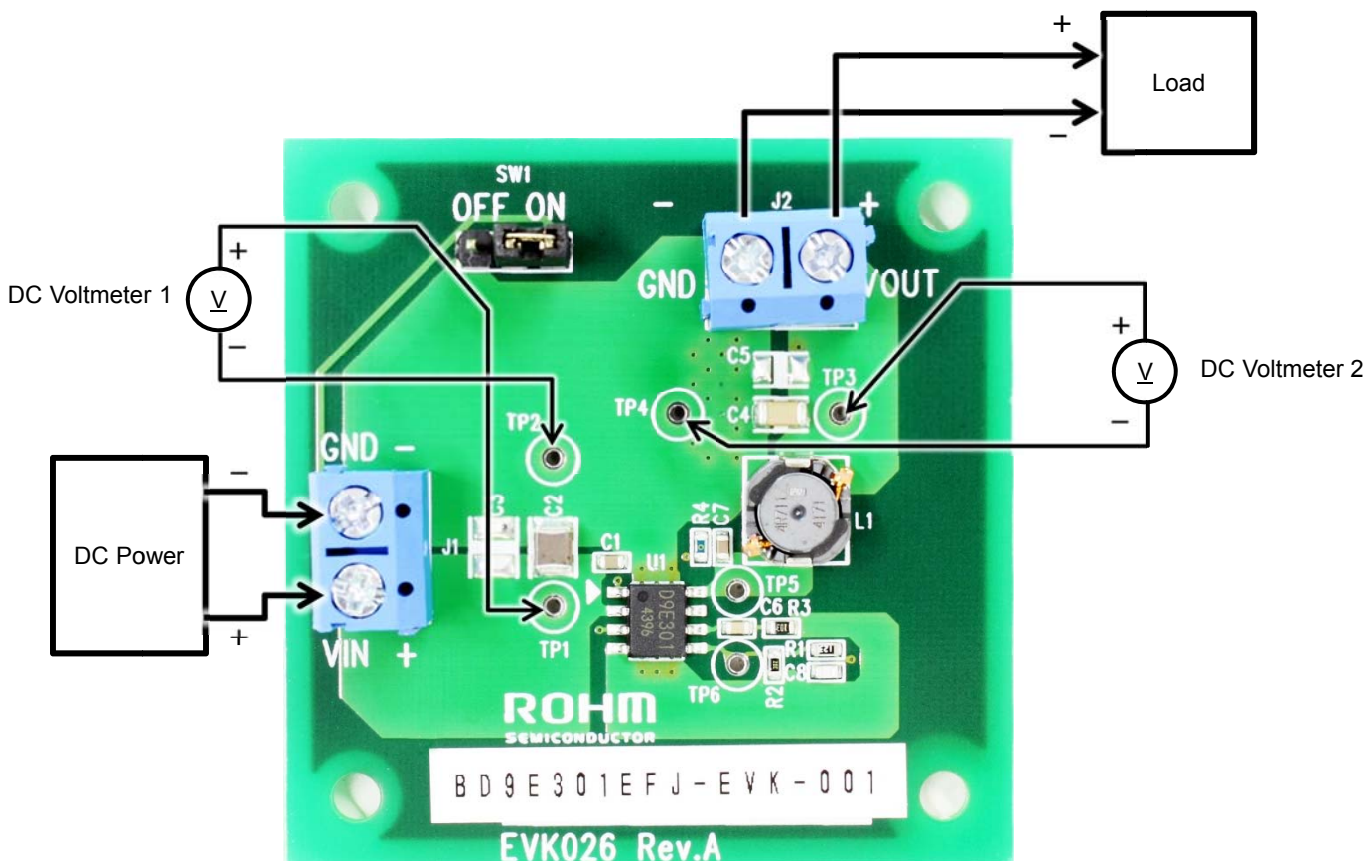


Figure 1. Connection Diagram

Enable-Pin

To minimize current consumption during standby-mode and normal operation, Enable-mode can be switched by controlling EN pin(3pin) of the IC. Standby-mode is enabled by shorting Jumper-pin of SW1 between intermediate-terminal and OFF-side terminal and normal-mode operation by shorting between intermediate-terminal and ON-side terminal.

It also can be swithed between standby-mode and normal-mode operation by removing Jumper-pin and controlling the voltage between EN and GND-terminal. Standby-mode is enabled when the voltage of EN is under 0.8V, and normal-mode operation when it is over 2.5V.

Circuit Diagram

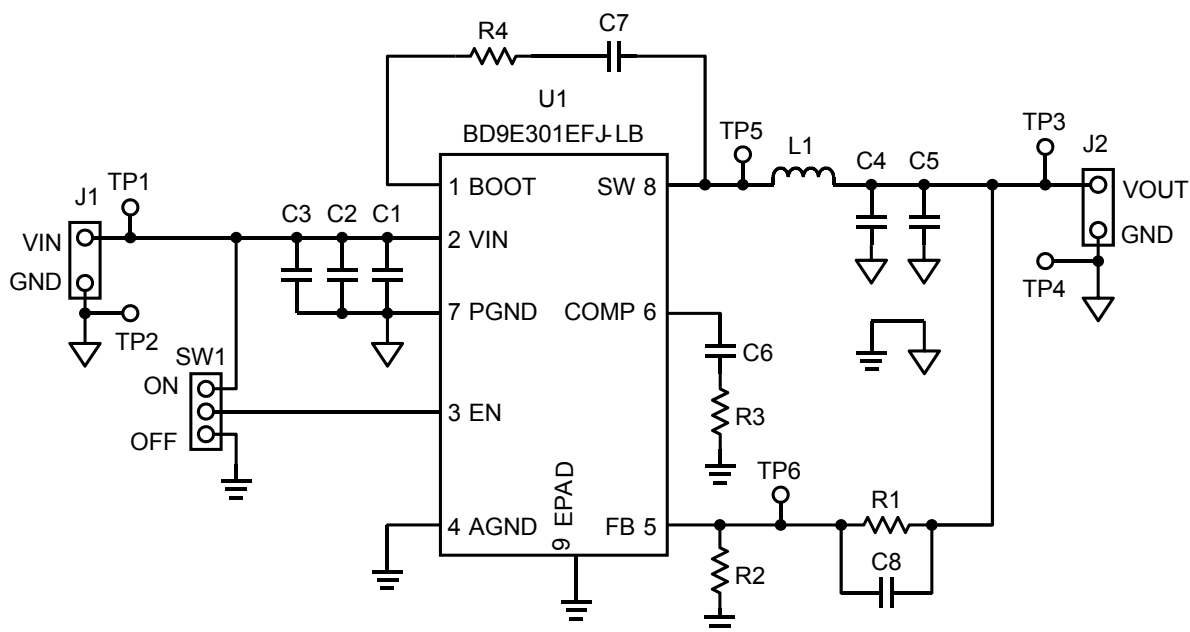
 $V_{IN} = 7.2V \text{ to } 36V, V_{OUT} = 5.0V$


Figure 2. BD9E301EFJ-EVK-001 Circuit Diagram

Bill of Materials

Count	Reference Designator	Type	Value	Description	Manufacturer Part Number	Manufacturer	Configuration (mm)
2	C1, C7	Ceramic Capacitor	0.1 μ F	50V, B, \pm 20%	GRM188B31H104MA92	MURATA	1608
1	C2	Ceramic Capacitor	10 μ F	50V, B, \pm 10%	GRM32EB31H106KA12	MURATA	3225
0	C3	Ceramic Capacitor	-	Not installed	-	-	3225
1	C4	Ceramic Capacitor	22 μ F	10V, B, \pm 10%	GRM31CB31A226KE19	MURATA	3216
0	C5	Ceramic Capacitor	-	Not installed	-	-	3216
1	C6	Ceramic Capacitor	2200pF	50V, B, \pm 10%	GRM188B11H222KA01	MURATA	1608
1	C8	Ceramic Capacitor	100pF	50V, CH, \pm 5%	GRM1882C1H101JA01	MURATA	1608
1	L1	Inductor	4.7 μ H	\pm 30%, DCR=26m Ω max, 4.1A	CLF7045T-4R7N	TDK	7269
1	R1	Resistor	12k Ω	1/10W, 50V, 1%	MCR03ERPFP1202	ROHM	1608
1	R2	Resistor	3k Ω	1/10W, 50V, 1%	MCR03ERPFP3001	ROHM	1608
1	R3	Resistor	10k Ω	1/10W, 50V, 1%	MCR03ERPFP1002	ROHM	1608
1	R4	Resistor	0 Ω	Jumper	MCR03ERPJP000	ROHM	1608
1	SW1	Pin header	-	2.54mm \times 3 contacts	PH-1x03SG	USECONN	-
1	U1	IC	-	Buck DC/DC Converter	BD9E301EFJ-LB	ROHM	HTSOP-J8
2	J1, J2	Terminal Block	-	2 contacts, 15A, 14 to 22AWG	TB111-2-2-U-1-1	Alphaplus Connectors & Cables	-
1	-	Jumper	-	Jumper pin for SW1	MJ254-6BK	USECONN	-

Layout

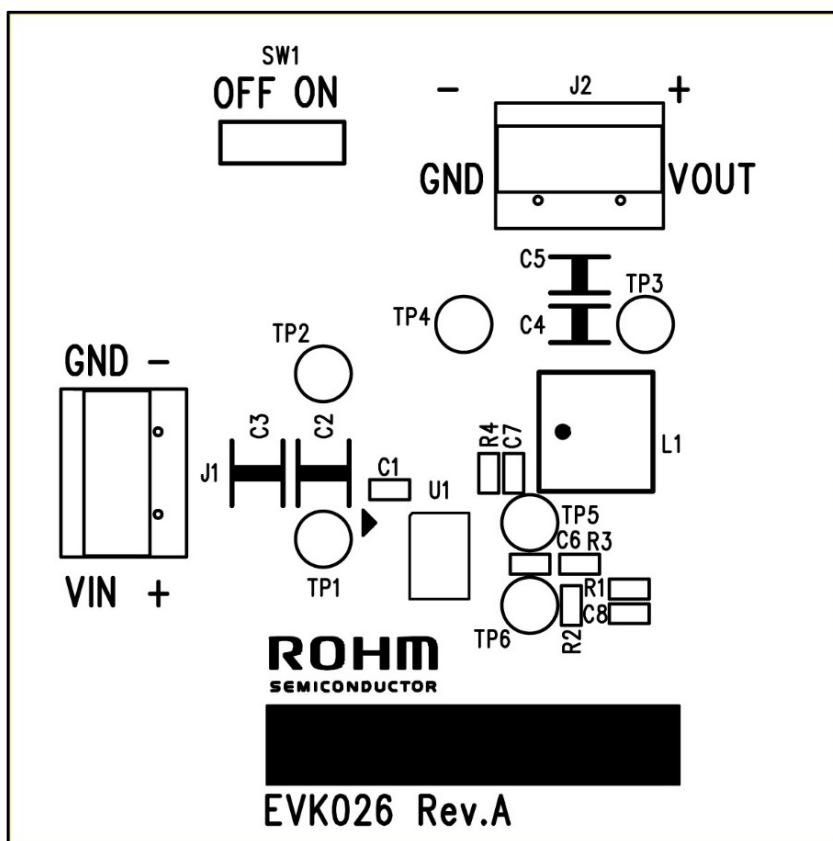


Figure 3. Top Silk Screen (Top view)

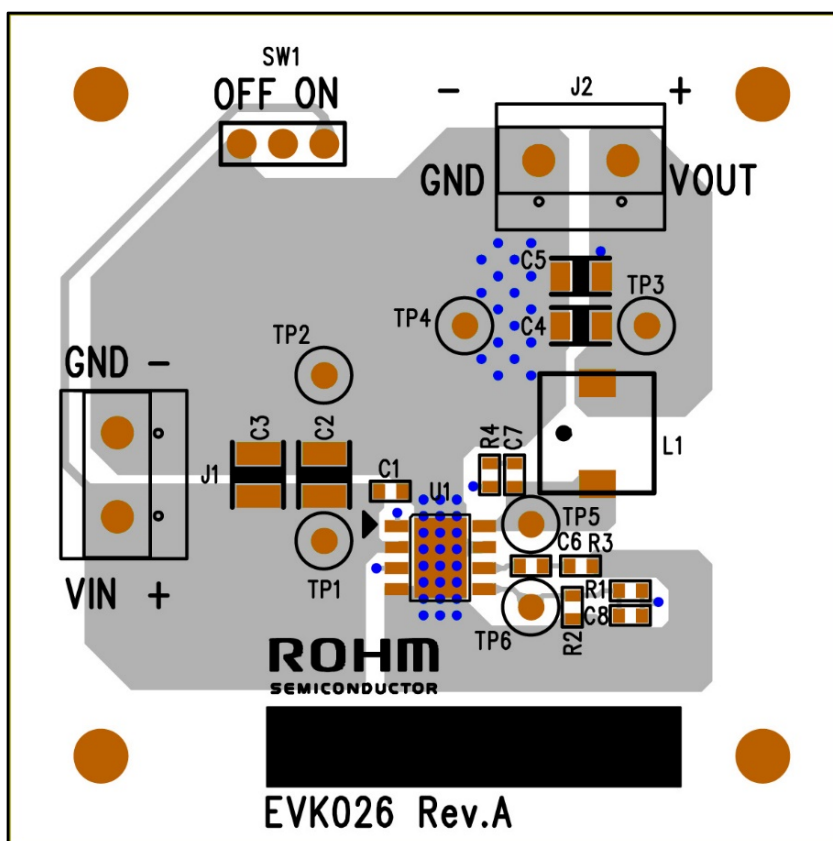


Figure 4. Top Silk Screen and Layout (Top view)

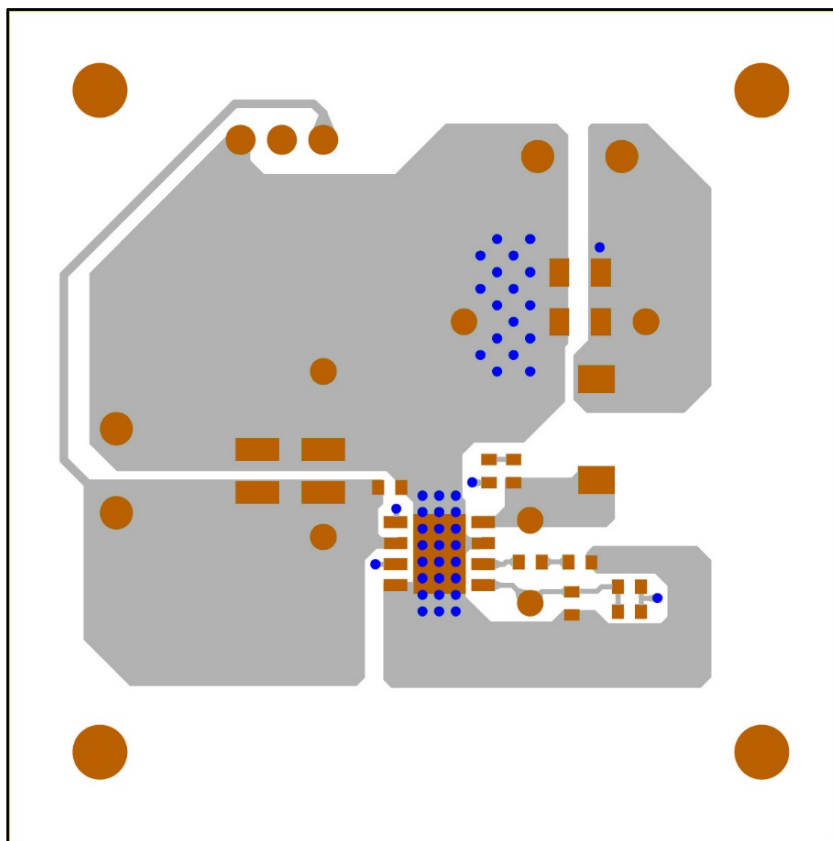


Figure 5. Top Side Layout (Top view)

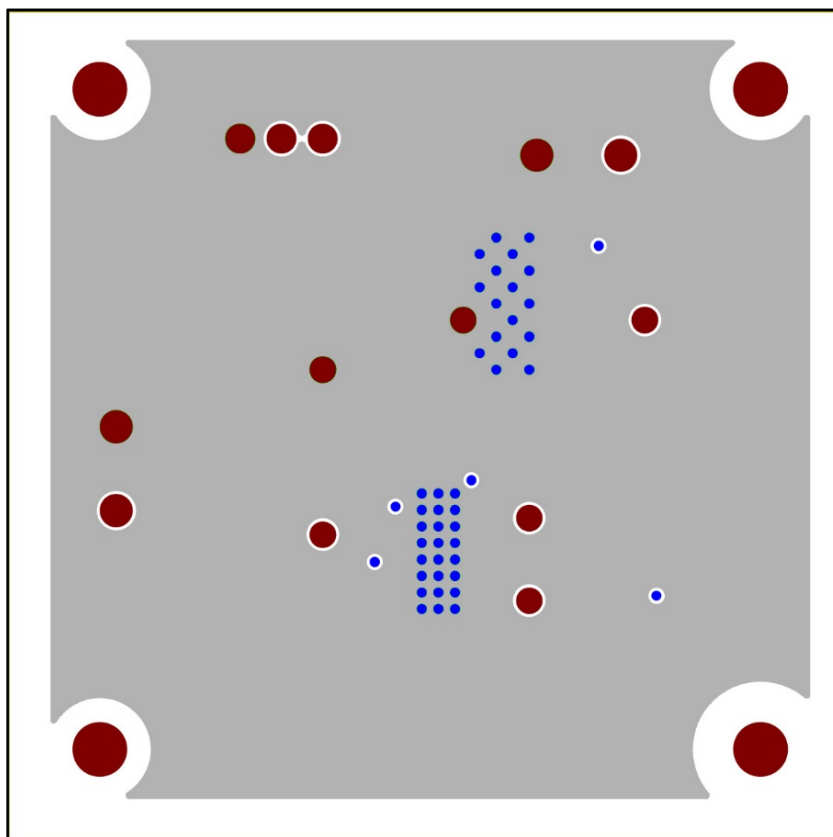


Figure 6. L2 Layout (Top view)

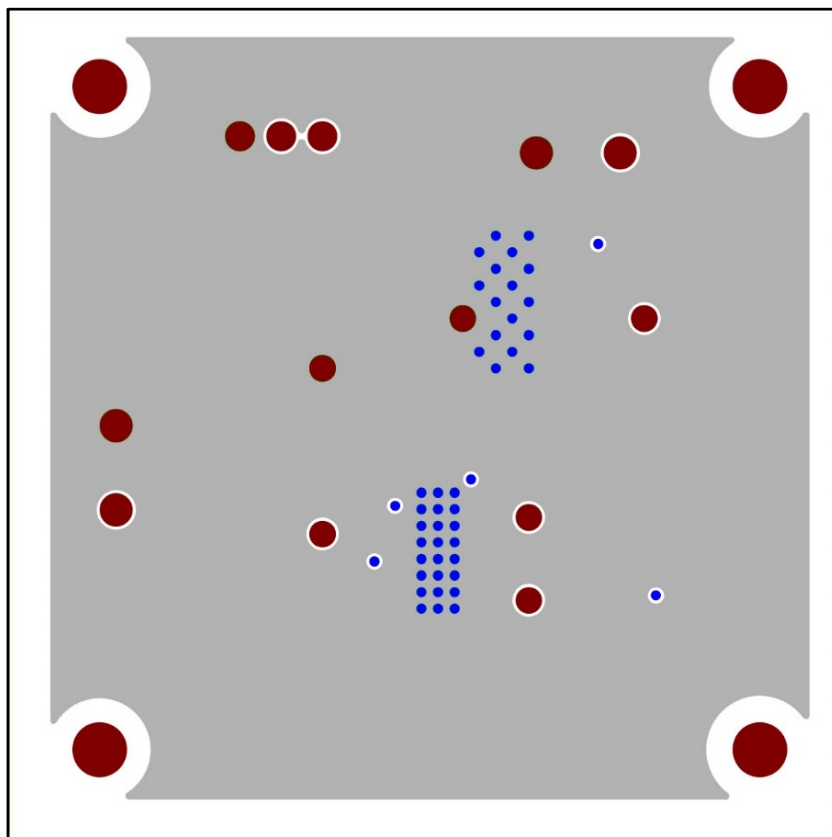


Figure 7. L3 Layout (Top view)

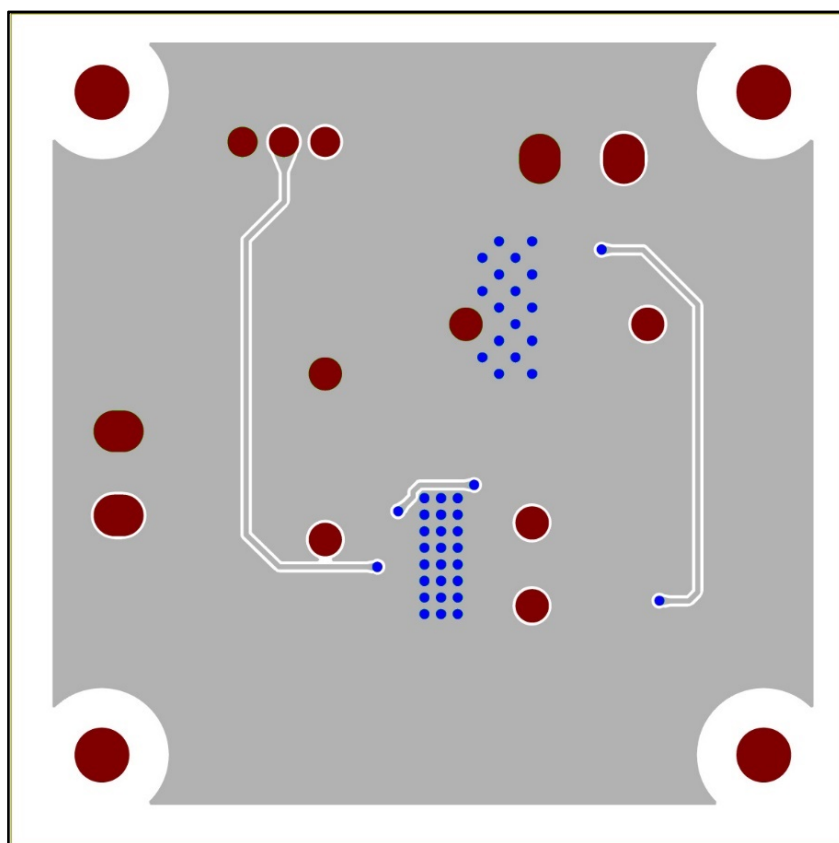


Figure 8. Bottom Side Layout (Top view)

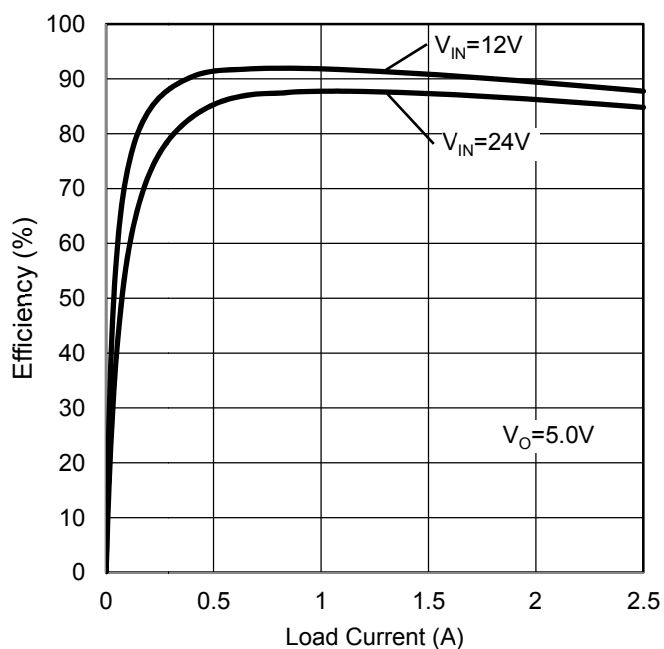


Figure 9. Efficiency vs Load Current

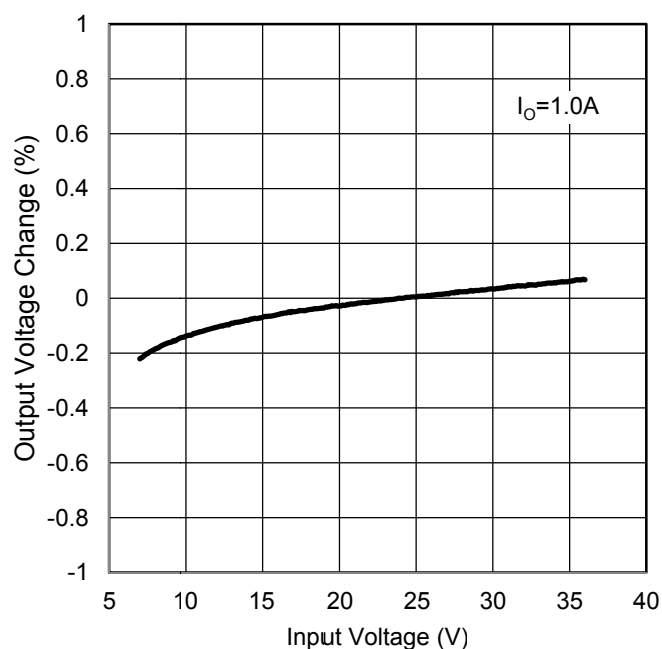


Figure 10. Line Regulation

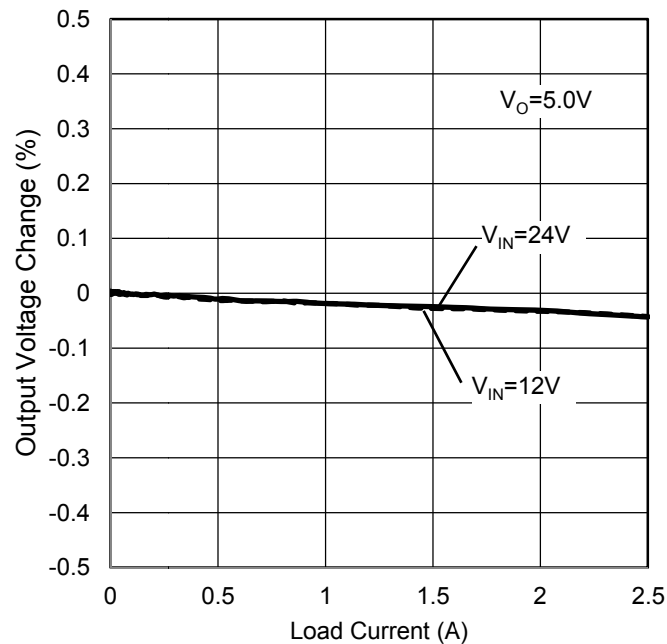


Figure 11. Load Regulation

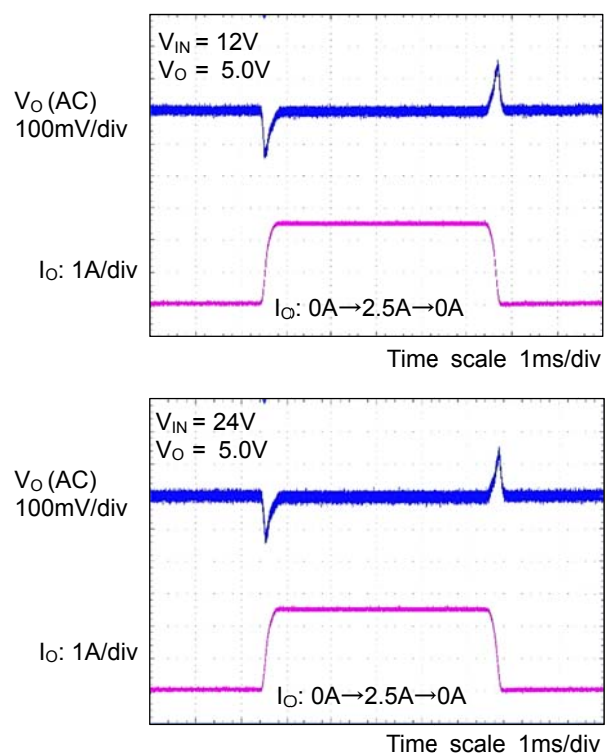
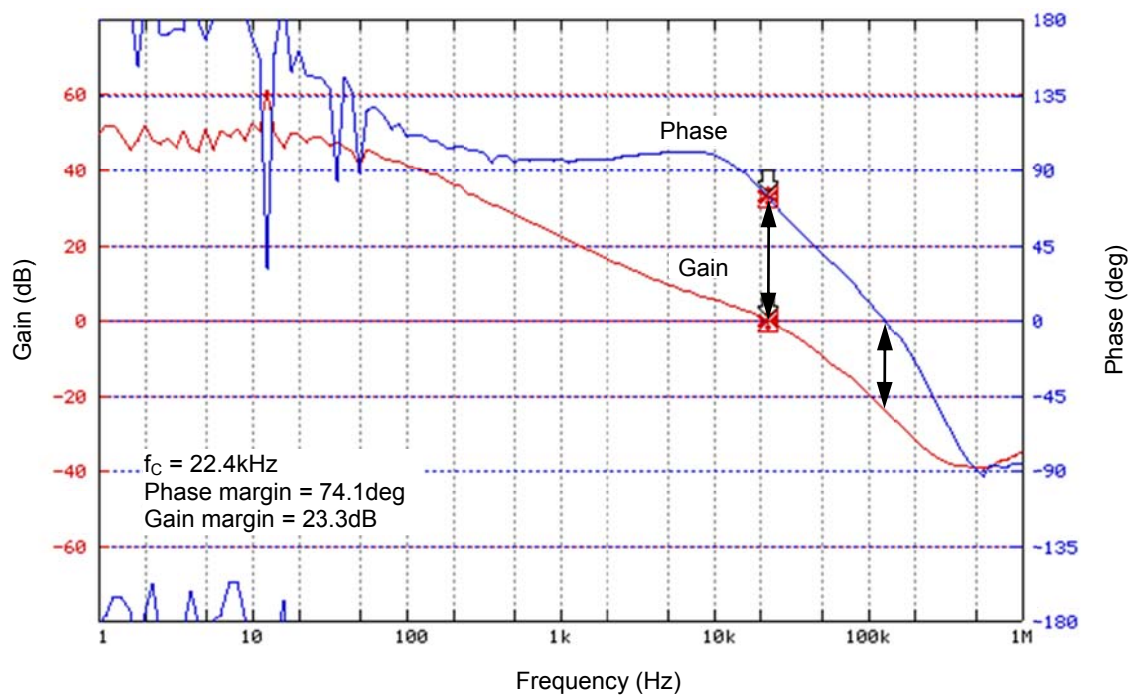
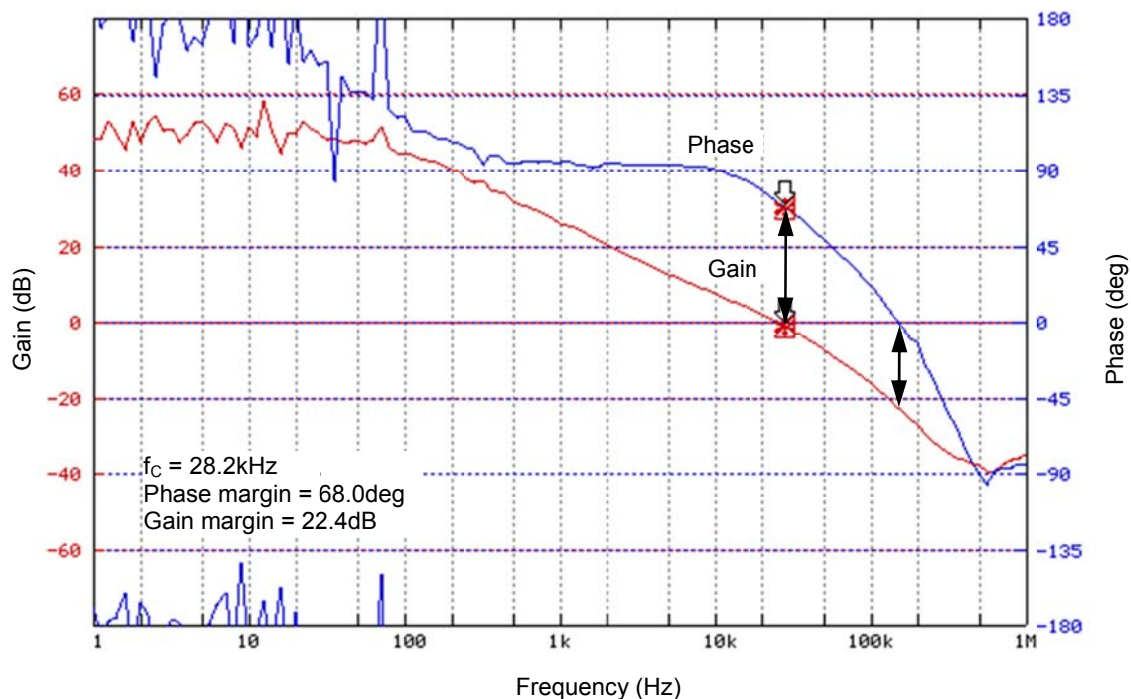


Figure 12. Load Transient Characteristics

Figure 13. Loop Response $V_{IN} = 12\text{V}$, $V_O = 5.0\text{V}$, $I_O = 2.5\text{A}$ Figure 14. Loop Response $V_{IN} = 24\text{V}$, $V_O = 5.0\text{V}$, $I_O = 2.5\text{A}$

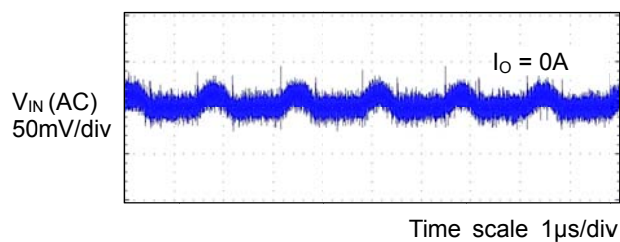


Figure 15. Input Voltage Ripple Wave
 $V_{IN} = 12V$, $V_O = 5.0V$

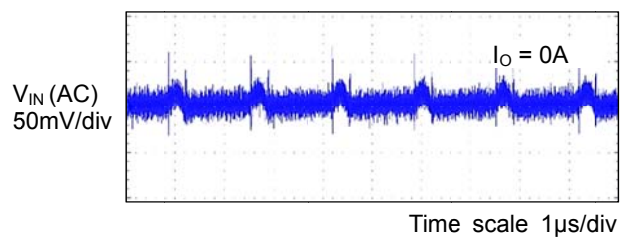


Figure 16. Input Voltage Ripple Wave
 $V_{IN} = 12V$, $V_O = 5.0V$

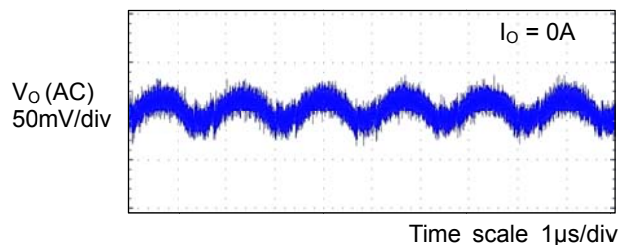
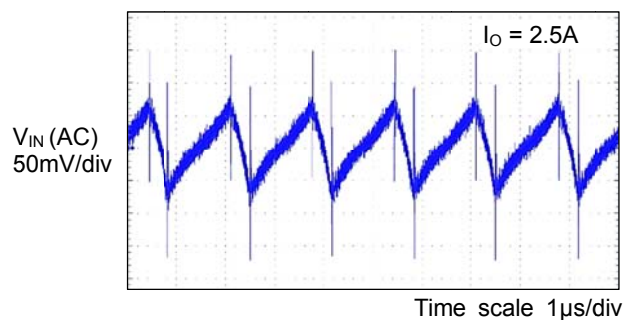
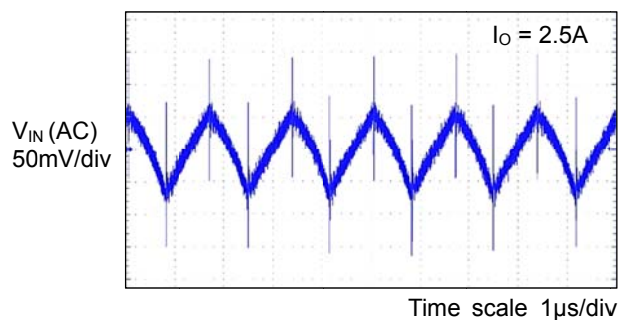


Figure 17. Output Voltage Ripple Wave
 $V_{IN} = 12V$, $V_O = 5.0V$

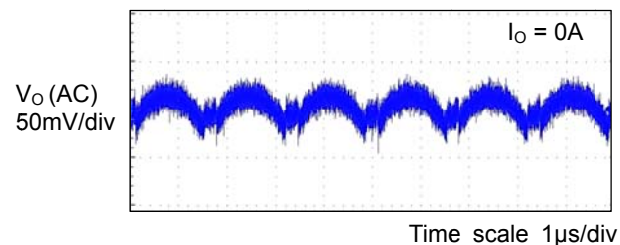
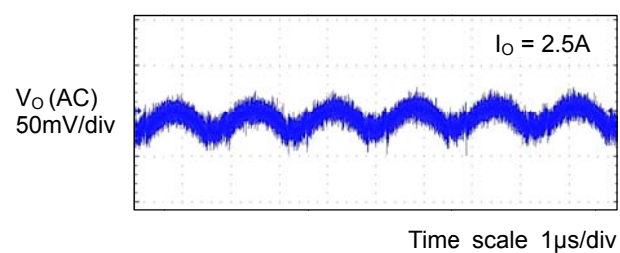
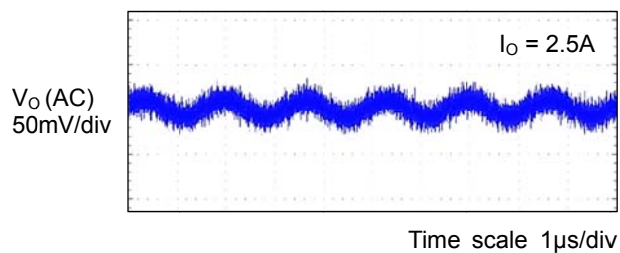


Figure 18. Output Voltage Ripple Wave
 $V_{IN} = 24V$, $V_O = 5.0V$



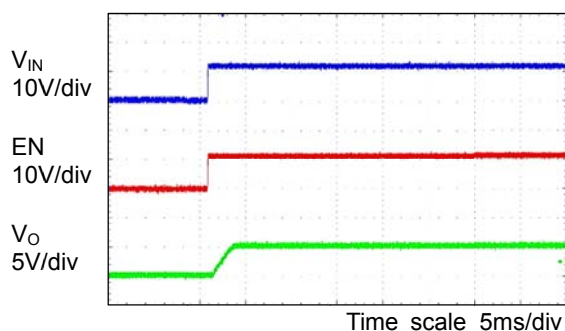


Figure 19. Start-up EN = V_{IN}
 $V_{IN} = 12V$, $V_O = 5.0V$, $I_O = 0A$

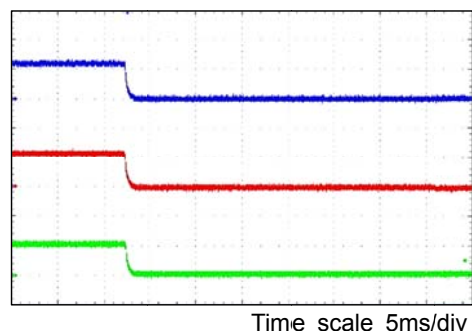


Figure 20. Power-down EN = V_{IN}
 $V_{IN} = 12V$, $V_O = 5.0V$, $I_O = 0A$

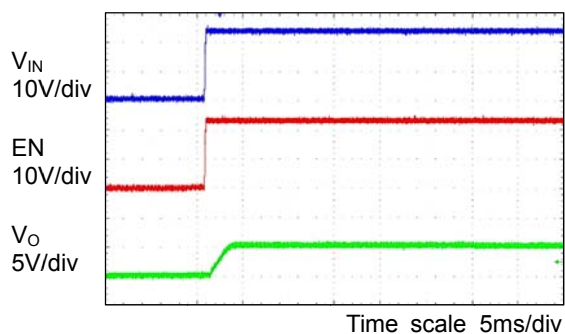


Figure 21. Start-up EN = V_{IN}
 $V_{IN} = 24V$, $V_O = 5.0V$, $I_O = 0A$

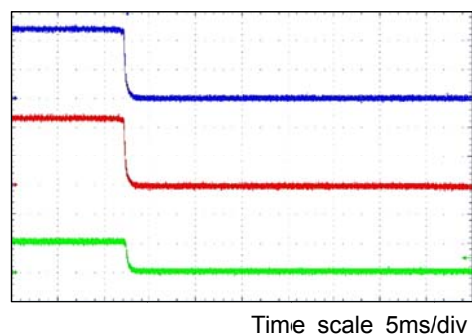


Figure 22. Power-down EN = V_{IN}
 $V_{IN} = 24V$, $V_O = 5.0V$, $I_O = 0A$

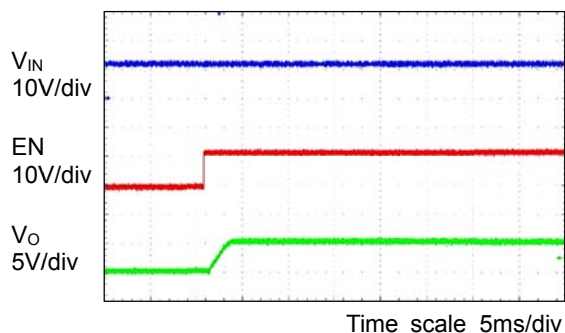


Figure 23. Start-up by EN
 $V_{IN} = 12V$, $V_O = 5.0V$, $I_O = 0A$

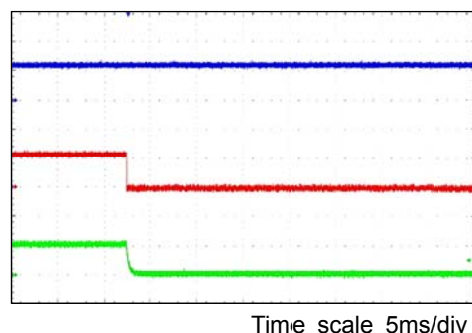


Figure 24. Power-down by EN
 $V_{IN} = 12V$, $V_O = 5.0V$, $I_O = 0A$

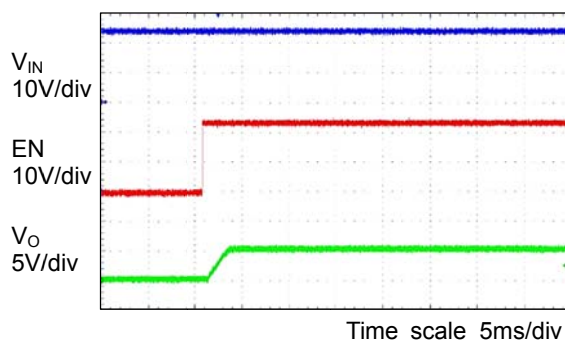


Figure 25. Start-up by EN
 $V_{IN} = 24V$, $V_O = 5.0V$, $I_O = 0A$

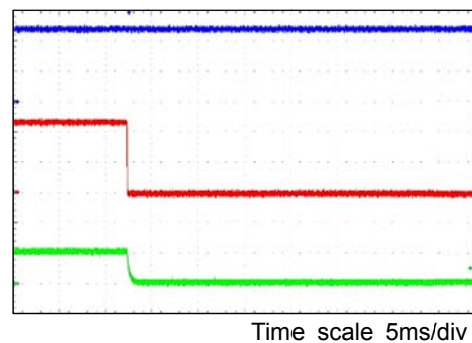


Figure 26. Power-down by EN
 $V_{IN} = 24V$, $V_O = 5.0V$, $I_O = 0A$

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